Situation of Storing and Treatment of Accumulated Water including Highly Concentrated Radioactive Materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

(13<sup>th</sup> Release)

September 21, 2011

Tokyo Electric Power Company

1. Introduction

This document is to report the following matters in accordance with the instruction of "Installment of treatment facility and storing facility of water including highly concentrated radioactive materials at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station of the Tokyo Electric Power Company (Instruction) "(NISA No. 6, June 8, 2011), dated on June 9.

<Instruction>

TEPCO should report to NISA the situation of storing and treatment of the contaminated water in the Power Station and future forecast based upon the current situation have to be reported to NISA as soon as the treatment facility starts its operation. Also, subsequently, continued report has to be submitted to NISA once a week until the treatment of the accumulated water in the Centralized Radiation Waste Treatment Facility is completed.

2. Situation of storing and treatment of accumulated water in the building (actual record)

Stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and stored and treated amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility (including underpass area close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building), and other related data, as of September 20, are shown in the Attachment -1.

## 3. Forecast of storing and treatment

### (1) Short term forecast

Water transfer is planned so that the levels of the accumulated water in Unit 1 and 2 and Unit 3 and 4 building will not exceed OP. 3,000, based on the stored amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility and the operating situation of the radioactive material treatment equipment. Water is transferred to the Process Main Building in principle, by securing enough capacity for stably accepting accumulated water in the Process Main Building.

Hence, priority for treatment is placed on the accumulated water in the Process Main Building in order to reserve the capacity for accepting the accumulated water in the building.

We assume stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condenser and trench)),

and stored and treated amount in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility (including underpass area close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building), and other related data on September 27, as shown in Attachment -2.

## (2) Middle term forecast

Regarding accumulated water in Unit 1 and 2 building and Unit 3 and 4 building, from the viewpoint of reducing the risks of discharging to the ocean and leaking into the groundwater, it is necessary to keep enough capacity for the accumulated water in the building until its level reaches OP. 4,000 and to keep the accumulated water level lower than the groundwater level.

We plan to transfer accumulated water keeping accumulated water level in the building below OP. 3,000 considering water injection amount increase to keep the reactor cold shutdown.

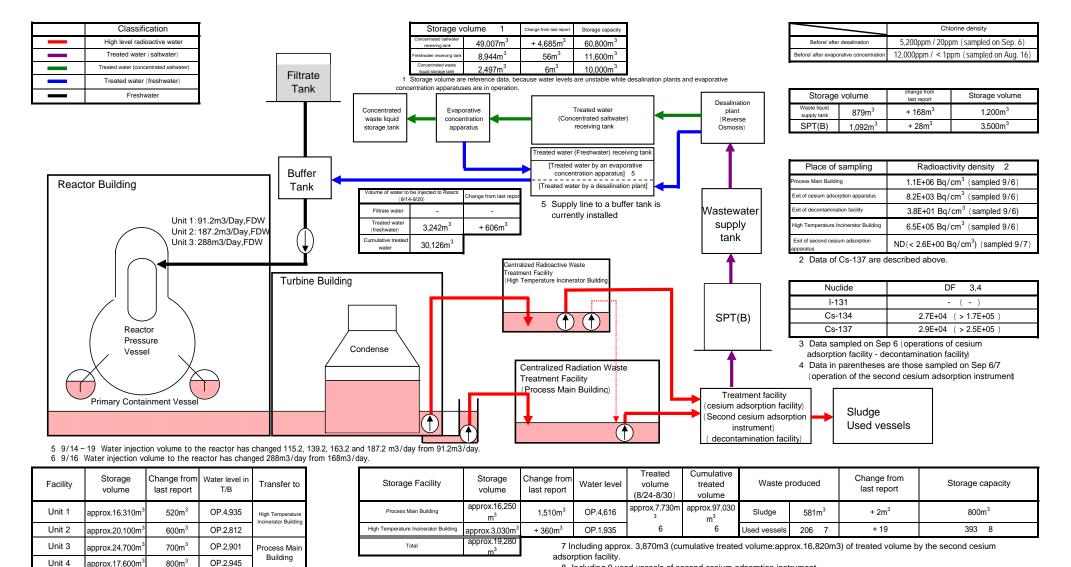
We forecast stored amounts in each unit building (Unit 1 to 4 (including condensers and trenches)), and storing and treatment situations in the Accumulated Water Storing Facility (including underpass areas close to the High Temperature Incinerator Building) for 3 months, as shown in Attachment -3.

Stored amounts in each building and the water storage equipment are forecasted to be unchanged in case transfer and treatment were implemented as scheduled without rain.

Also, the water treated at the radioactive material treatment equipment can be stored in the middle and low level waste water tanks, which are currently being installed.

**END** 

## Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (as of September 20, 2011)



#### Note:

Total

Last report: as of Sepyrmbrt 13, 2011.

approx.78,710m

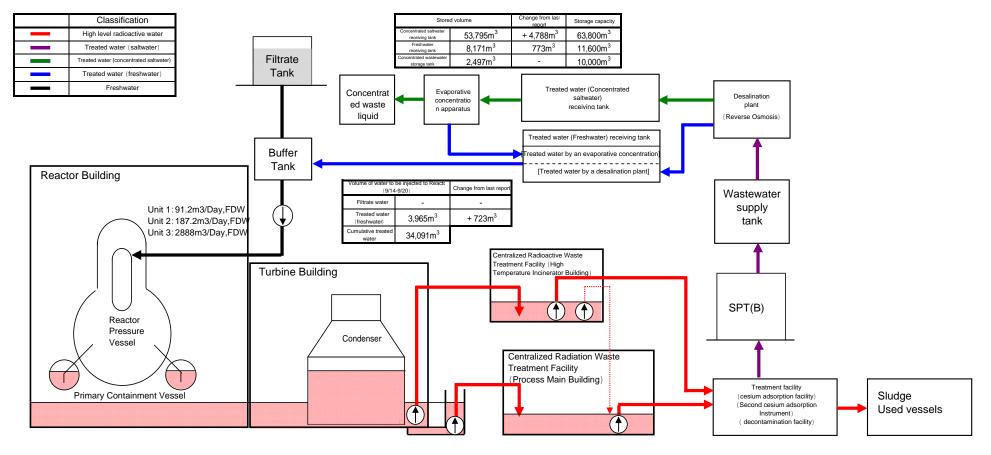
· Transferred from Unit 2 and 3 to process main building and high temperature incinerator building (Sep 13 switching transfer of water of Unit 2 from process main building to high temperature incinerator building, Sep 15 switching transfer of water of Unit 3 from high temperature incinerator building to process main building)

8 Including 9 used vessels of second cesium adsorption instrument.

9 Storage capacity will vary according to stored used vessels of Second cesium adsorption instrument.

- ·September 13-14, cesium adsorption facility and decontamination facility paused due to maintenance work
- · September 15-, cesium adsorption facility has been independently operated.
- September 14-16, water in the condensor of Unit 1 was treansferred to the turbine building of Unit 1.
- · First cesium adsorption facility and second cesium adsorption facility has been operated in parallel (First facility utilization factor: 46.0%, Second facility utilization factor: 92.1% (reference)).
- · All evapolative concentration apparatus paused

# Storage and treatment of high level radioactive accumulated water (assumed situations as of September 27, 2011)



Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level in T/B	Transfer to	
Unit 1	approx. 16,220m <sup>3</sup>	90m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,795	High Temperature Incinerator Building	
Unit 2	approx .20,000m <sup>3</sup>	100m <sup>3</sup>	(Unit2 T/B)		
Unit 3	approx. 24,800m <sup>3</sup>	+ 100m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,929	High Temperature Incinerator Building	
Unit 4	approx. 17,800m <sup>3</sup>	+ 200m <sup>3</sup>	(Unit3 T/B)		
Total	approx.				

Storage Facility	Storage volume	Change from last report	Water level	Volume to be treated (9/21-9/27)	Cumulative treated volume	Waste produced		Change from now	Storage volume
Process Main Building	approx.14,150 m3	2,100m <sup>3</sup>	OP.4,069	7,980m <sup>3</sup> 1	approx.105,010m3 1	Sludge	581m <sup>3</sup>	=	800m <sup>3</sup>
High Temperature Incinerator Building	approx.4,030 m3	+ 1,000m <sup>3</sup>	OP.2,763			Used vessels	219 2	+ 13	393 3
Total	approx.18,180	1. Including approx 2.790m2 (sumulative treated volume capper 20.600m2) of treated volume by the appeal assign							

<sup>1</sup> Including approx. 3,780m3 (cumulative treated volume:approx.20,600m3) of treated volume by the second cesium

#### Note:

m3

Total

<sup>2</sup> Including 10 used vessels of second cesium adsorption instrument.

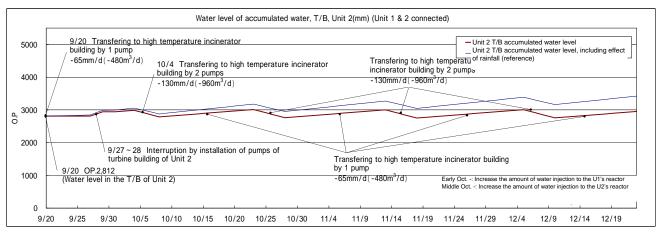
<sup>3</sup> Storage capacity will vary according to stored used vessels of second cesium adsorption instrument.

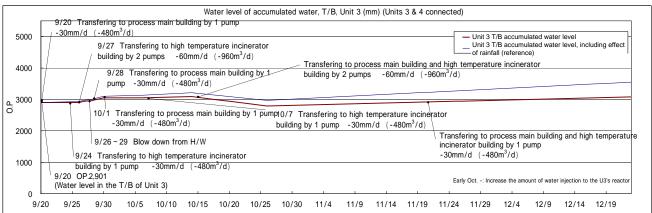
<sup>·</sup> Water of Unit 2 and Unit 3 will be transferred to process main building and high temperature incinerator building (Water of Unit 3 will be transferred from process main building to high temperature incinerator building)

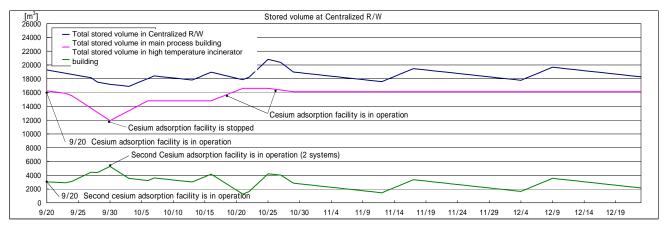
<sup>·</sup> First cesium adsorption facility and second cesium adsorption facility will be operated in parallel (First facility utilization factor (expected): 50%, Second facility utilization factor (expected): 90% (reference)).

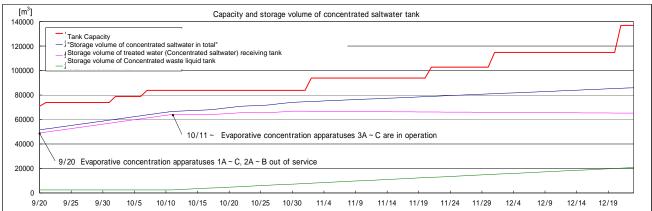
<sup>·</sup> All the evapolate concentration apparatus will be stopped.

<sup>·</sup>Water in the condensor of Unit 3 will be transferred to the turbine building of Unit 3.









Note

Assume that the handing amount by the treatment facilities is 1,140m3/d in September, 1,080m3/d in and after October. (increase the handling amount depending on the situation like the water level of accumulated water in T/B).

Assume 5mm increase per day of accumulated water level of T/B including influences of rainfall in case we consider 3-year-averaged rainfall near 1F from August to October.

Assume that the volume of water injection to the reactor after the increase is twice as much as that of current volume.