The Calculation of the Fuel Cost Adjustment Unit Price and the Electricity Rates for February 2017 (Kanto Area)

- 1. The calculation of the Average Fuel Price
- ① Calculate the 3-month average fuel price for each fuel type (i.e. crude oil, LNG, and coal).
- Multiply the average fuel prices in ① above by the respective conversion factors, and add all the numbers together.

(Below are the prices provided in the Trade Statistics of Japan published by the Ministry of Finance Japan)

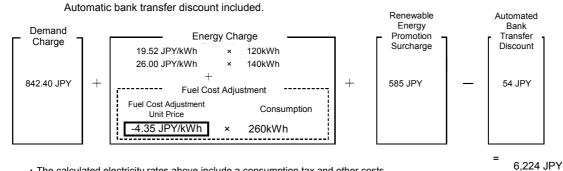
		Jan Mar. 2012	Aug. 2016 - Oct. 2016	ug. 2016 - Oct. 2016 Sep Nov. 2016 (for February 2017)					
		(at the time of rate revision)	(for Jan. 2017)	Average		Sep. 2016	Oct. 2016	Nov. 2016	
Crude Oil	(JPY/kl)	57,802	29,275	30,282		29,170	29,181	32,412	
LNG	(JPY/t)	67,548	36,896	38,677		37,340	38,599	39,926	
Coal	(JPY/t)	11,452	7,385	7,988		7,380	7,671	8,901	
Average Fuel	Price(JPY/kl)	44,200 (basic fuel price)	24,000			Cru	(detailed data) < Conversion Fa ude Oil Conversion Caloric Compo	on Factor	
	Crude Oil Price [30,282	JPY/kl	×	0.1970	(a)	nent Natio	
			38,677	JPY/ t	×	0.4435	(β)		
+)		Price	7,988	JPY/ t	×	0.2512	(γ)		
Average Fuel Price			<u> </u>		,	aximum unit: 100 JPY) Rounded off to the nearest 10 JPY/kl (compared with the previous period: +1100J			

2. The calculation of the Fuel Cost Adjustment Unit Price (in the case of Low-Voltage Supply)

3. The calculation of the Electricity Rates for February 2017 (in the case of the average model)

*The fuel cost adjustment price, which is calculated by multiplying the fuel cost adjustment unit price by the amount of power consumed, is included in the electricity rates.

Example: For the customers of 30A meter-rate lighting B with 260kWh of electricity consumption per month.



• The calculated electricity rates above include a consumption tax and other costs.